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CONTENTS

1. SAFETY REGULATIONS AND INFORMATION 1 1.1 Hazard levels for warnings 1 1.2 Staff qualifications 1 1.3 Basic safety rules 1 1.4 Voltage 1 1.5 Safety and protective features 2 1.6 Mechanical movement 2 1.7 Emissions 2 1.8 Hot surface 2 1.9 Transport 2 2 1.10 Storage 2. INTENDED USE 3 **3. TECHNICAL DATA** 4 3.1 Product drawing 4 3.2 Nominal data 5 5 3.3 Technical description 3.4 Mounting data 5 5 3.5 Transport and storage conditions 4. CONNECTION AND STARTUP 6 4.1 Mechanical connection 6 4.2 Electrical connection 6 4.3 Plug connection 6 4.4 Connection diagram 8 4.5 Checking connections 9 9 4.6 Switching on the device 9 4.7 Switching off the device 5. MAINTENANCE, MALFUNCTIONS, POSSIBLE 9 **CAUSES AND REMEDIES** 5.1 Cleaning 10 5.2 Safety inspection 10 5.3 Disposal 10

1. SAFETY REGULATIONS AND INFORMATION

Read these operating instructions carefully before starting work on the device. Observe the following warnings to prevent malfunctions or danger to persons.

These operating instructions are to be regarded as part of the device. The device is only to be sold or passed on together with the operating instructions.

These operating instructions may be duplicated and distributed to inform about potential dangers and their prevention.

1.1 Hazard levels for warnings

These operating instructions use the following hazard levels to indicate potentially hazardous situations and important safety regulations:



DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if the specified actions are not taken. Compliance with the instructions is imperative.

WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which can result in death or serious injury if the specified actions are not taken. Exercise extreme caution while working.

CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which can result in minor or moderate injury or damage to property if the specified actions are not taken.

NOTE

A potentially harmful situation can occur and, if not avoided, can lead to property damage.

1.2 Staff qualifications

The device may only be transported, unpacked, installed, operated, maintained and otherwise used by suitably qualified, trained and authorized technical staff.

Only authorized specialists are permitted to install the device, to carry out a test run and to perform work on the electrical installation.

1.3 Basic safety rules

The safety hazards associated with the device must be assessed again following installation in the final product.

The locally applicable industrial safety regulations are always to be observed when working on the device.

Keep the workplace clean and tidy. Untidiness in the work area increases the risk of accidents.

Note the following when working on the device:

⇒ Do not perform any modifications, additions or conversions on the device without the approval of ebm-papst.

1.4 Voltage

- ⇒ Check the device's electrical equipment at regular intervals; see Chapter 5.2 Safety inspection.
- ⇒ Replace loose connections and defective cables immediately.



Electrically charged device Risk of electric shock

→ When working on an electrically charged device, stand on a rubber mat.

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CAUTION

Electric charge on capacitor after device is switched off Electric shock, risk of injury

 \rightarrow Discharge the capacitors before working on the device.



WARNING

Live terminals and connections even with device switched off

Electric shock

 \rightarrow Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.

CAUTION

In the event of a fault, the rotor and the impeller will be energized

The rotor and the impeller have basic insulation.

 \rightarrow Do not touch the rotor and impeller once installed.

CAUTION

The motor restarts automatically when operating voltage is applied, e.g. after a power failure. Risk of injury

- \rightarrow Keep out of the device's danger zone.
- → When working on the device, switch off the line voltage and ensure that it cannot be switched back on.
- \rightarrow Wait until the device comes to a stop.
- → Install the externally wired thermal overload protector in the control circuit so that following a malfunction the motor does not switch on again automatically after cooling off.

1.5 Safety and protective features



DANGER Guard missing and guard not functioning

Without a guard, hands may become caught up in the device during operation for example, resulting in serious injury. Loose parts or items of clothing could be drawn in.

- → The device is a built-in component. As the owner, you are responsible for ensuring that the device is adequately safeguarded.# Operate the device only with a fixed protective device and guard grill.
- → Stop the device immediately if a protective device is found to be missing or ineffective.

1.6 Mechanical movement



DANGER Rotating device

Risk of injury to body parts coming into contact with the rotor or the impeller.

- \rightarrow Secure the device against accidental contact.
- → Before working on the system/machine, wait until all parts have come to a standstill.

WARNING

Rotating device

Long hair and dangling items of clothing, jewelry and the like can become entangled and be pulled into the device. Injuries can result.

- → Do not wear any loose-fitting or dangling clothing or jewelry while working on rotating parts.
- \rightarrow Protect long hair with a cap.

1.7 Emissions

WARNING

Depending on the installation and operating conditions, the sound pressure level may exceed 70 dB(A). Risk of noise-induced hearing loss

- \rightarrow Take appropriate technical safety measures.
- → Protect operating personnel with appropriate safety equipment such as hearing protection.
- \rightarrow Also observe the requirements of local agencies.

1.8 Hot surface



CAUTION High temperature on motor housing Risk of burns

 \rightarrow Ensure sufficient protection against accidental contact.

1.9 Transport



NOTE Transporting the device

- \rightarrow Transport the device in its original packaging only.
- → Secure the device so it cannot slip, e.g. by using a lashing strip.

1.10 Storage

- ⇒ Store the device, partially or fully assembled, in a dry place, protected against the weather and free from vibration, in the original packaging in a clean environment.
- Protect the device against environmental effects and dirt until final installation.
- We recommend storing the device for no longer than one year in order to guarantee trouble-free operation and the longest possible service life.
- ⇒ Even devices explicitly intended for outdoor use are to be stored as described prior to commissioning.
- Maintain the storage temperature, see Chapter 3.5 Transport and storage conditions.



2. INTENDED USE

The device is exclusively designed as a built-in device for conveying air according to its technical data.

Any other usage above and beyond this does not conform with the intended purpose and constitutes misuse of the device.

Customer equipment must be capable of withstanding the mechanical and thermal stresses that can arise from this product. This applies for the entire service life of the equipment in which this product is installed.

Intended use also includes

- Conveying air at an ambient air pressure between 800 mbar and 1050 mbar.
- Using the device within the permitted ambient temperature range; see Chapter 3.5 Transport and storage conditions and Chapter 3.2 Nominal data.
- Operating the device with all protective devices.
- Following the operating instructions.

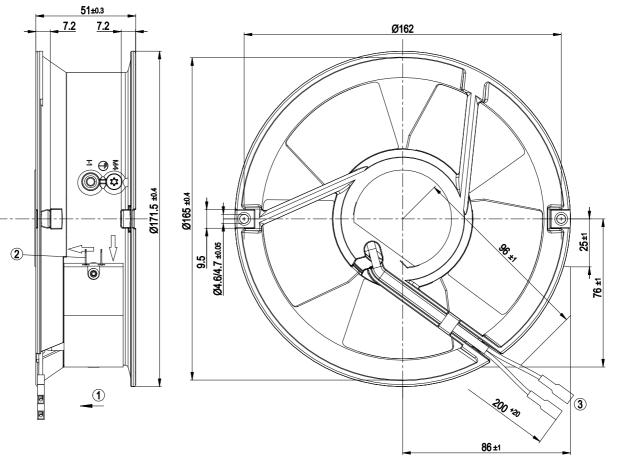
Improper use

In particular, operating the device in the following ways is prohibited and could be hazardous:

- Operating the device in an unbalanced state, e.g. due to dirt deposits or ice formation.
- Resonant operation, operation with severe vibration. This also includes vibration transmitted to the fan from the customer installation.
- Operation in medical equipment with a life-sustaining or life-support function.
- Conveying solids in the flow medium.
- Painting the device
- Connections (e.g. screws) coming loose during operation.
- Conveying air that contains abrasive particles.
- Conveying highly corrosive air, e.g. salt spray. Exception: devices designed for salt spray and correspondingly protected.
- Conveying air with high dust content, e.g. suctioning off sawdust.
- Operating the device close to flammable materials or components.
- Operating the device in an explosive atmosphere.
- Using the device as a safety component or to perform safety-related functions.
- Operation with completely or partially disassembled or manipulated protective devices.
- In addition, all applications not listed among the intended uses.

3. TECHNICAL DATA

3.1 Product drawing



All dimensions in mm.

1		Direction of air flow "V"
2	2	2x flat plugs 2.8 x 0.5 mm
3	}	Cable AWG22 (TOP), 2x crimped flat push-on receptacle G+H 25036.213.011, with insulating sleeve 2.8 SES no. 105-21

3.2 Nominal data

Motor	M2E052-BF		
Phase	1~	1~	
Nominal voltage / VAC	230	230	
Frequency / Hz	50	60	
Method of obtaining data	fa	fa	
Valid for approval/ standard	CE	CE	
Speed (rpm) / min-1	2800	3300	
Power consumption / W	24	26	
Current draw / A	0.12	0.11	
Capacitor / µF	0.75	0.75	
Capacitor voltage / VDB	400	400	
Capacitor standard	S0 (CE)	S0 (CE)	
Min. ambient	-25	-25	
temperature / °C			
Max. ambient temperature / °C	70	70	

ml = Max. load \cdot me = Max. efficiency \cdot fa = Free air

cs = Customer specification \cdot ce = Customer equipment

Subject to change

3.3 Technical description

Weight	1.0 kg
Size	143 mm
Motor size	52
Rotor surface	Rotor open, painted black
Blade material	Sheet steel, painted black
Housing material	Die-cast aluminum, painted black
Number of blades	5
Airflow direction	V
Direction of rotation	Counterclockwise, viewed toward rotor
Degree of protection	IP20
Insulation class	"B"
Moisture (F) /	H0+
Environmental (H)	
protection class	
Installation position	Any
Condensation	None, open rotor
drainage holes	
Motor bearing	Ball bearing
Touch current	< 0.75 mA
according to IEC	
60990 (measuring	
circuit Fig. 4, TN	
system)	
Electrical hookup	Plug
Motor protection	Thermal overload protector (TOP) with
	basic insulation
Protection class	I (with customer connection of protective
	earth)
Motor capacitor	SO
according to EN 60252-	
1 in safety protection	
class	
Conformity with	EN 60335-1; CE; UKCA
standards	

Approval VDE

⇒ Use the device in accordance with its degree of protection.

Information on surface quality

The surfaces of the products conform to the generally applicable industrial standard. The surface quality may change during the production period. This has no effect on strength, dimensional stability and dimensional accuracy.

The color pigments in the paints used perceptibly react to UV light over the course of time. The product is to be protected against UV radiation to prevent the formation of patches and fading. Changes in color are not a reason for complaint and are not covered by the warranty. UV radiation in the frequency range and the intensity of natural solar radiation has no effect on the technical properties of the products.

3.4 Mounting data

Further mounting data can be taken from the product drawing or Chapter 4.1 Mechanical connection as required.

For screw clearance, see Chapter 3.1 Product drawing

⇒ Secure the screws against unintentional loosening (e.g. use selflocking screws).

3.5 Transport and storage conditions

Max. permitted ambient temp. for motor (transport/ storage)	+ 80 °C
Min. permitted ambient temp. for motor (transport/ storage)	- 40 °C

4. CONNECTION AND STARTUP

4.1 Mechanical connection



CAUTION Cutting and crushing hazard when removing device from packaging Blades can bend

- \rightarrow Carefully remove the device from its packaging, by the fan housing. Strictly avoid shocks.
- → Wear safety shoes and cut-resistant safety gloves.
- Check the device for transport damage. Damaged devices are not to be installed.
- ⇒ Install the undamaged device in accordance with your application.



NOTE Motor capacitor

 \rightarrow The product is equipped with a motor capacitor with safety protection class P0/S0 according to EN 60252-1. Take this into consideration when fitting it to the end product on the basis of applicable regulations.



CAUTION Possible damage to the device

If the device slips during installation, serious damage can result.

- → Ensure that the device is securely positioned at its place of installation until all fastening screws have been tightened.
- The fan must not be strained on fastening.

4.2 Electrical connection



DANGER Voltage on the device

Electric shock

- \rightarrow Always connect a protective earth first.
- \rightarrow Check the protective earth.



DANGER Faulty insulation

Risk of fatal injury from electric shock

- \rightarrow Use only cables that meet the specified installation regulations for voltage, current, insulation material, capacity, etc.
- \rightarrow Route cables so that they cannot be touched by any rotating parts.

NOTE

Water ingress into wires or cables

Water ingress at the customer end of the cable can damage the device.

 \rightarrow Make sure the end of the cable is connected in a dry environment.



Only connect the device to circuits that can be switched off with an all-pole disconnection switch.

4.2.1 Requirements

- ⇒ Check whether the information on the nameplate matches the connection data.
- If the motor run capacitor was not installed by ebm-papst, check whether the information on the motor run capacitor matches the information on the nameplate.
- Before connecting the device, make sure the power supply matches ⇒ the device voltage.
- ⇒ Only use cables designed for the current level indicated on the nameplate.

For determining the cross-section, note the sizing criteria according to EN 61800-5-1. The protective earth must have a cross-section equal to or greater than that of the phase conductor. We recommend the use of 105 °C cables. Ensure that the minimum cable cross-section is at least AWG 26 / 0.13 mm².

Protective earth contact resistance according to EN 60335

Compliance with the resistance specifications according to EN 60335 for the protective earth connection circuit must be verified in the end application. Depending on the installation situation, it may be necessary to connect an additional protective earth conductor by way of the extra protective earth terminal provided on the device.

4.2.2 Voltage control

NOTE



Current overshoots may occur if speed control is implemented by transformers or electronic voltage regulators (e.g. phase control). Depending on the type of installation of the device, noise and vibration may also occur in the case of phase control. Vibration can lead to bearing damage and thus premature failure.

Heating-up of the motor when using voltage control must be checked by the customer following installation in the end device.

4.2.3 Variable frequency drive

Please use a variable frequency drive only after consultation with ebmpapst.



For operation with variable frequency drives, install sinusoidal filters that work on all poles (phase-phase and phase-ground) between the drive and the motor.

During operation with variable frequency drives, an all-pole sine filter protects the motor against high-voltage transients that can destroy the coil insulation system, and against harmful bearing currents.

Heating-up of the motor when using a variable frequency drive must be checked by the customer following installation in the end device.

GREEN

4.3 Plug connection

4.3.1 Making supply connections

- ⇒ Check your connector's pin assignment.
- ⇒ Connect the built-in connector with the mating connector.
- ⇒ Ensure that the connector is properly engaged.



lation of the original operating instructions

4.3.2 Motor protection

CAUTION

Voltage

The device is a built-in component and has no disconnecting switch.

- \rightarrow Connect the device to a suitable tripping unit.
- → Only connect the device to circuits that can be switched off with an all-pole disconnection switch.
- → When working on the device, secure the system/ machine in which the device is installed so as to prevent it from being switched back on.

NOTE

Lack of motor protection

Without motor protection, the motor can overheat and suffer damage.

→ Connect the thermal overload protector installed in the winding.

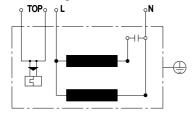
The motor is provided with a thermal overload protector (TOP). Always check that the thermal overload protector (TOP) is properly connected before start-up. Failure to connect the thermal overload protector correctly will invalidate your warranty claim.

Externally wired thermal overload protectors must be integrated in the control circuit of a tripping unit. The fan's power supply is passed through the main circuit of the tripping unit. In the event of a fault, an automatic restart after cooling must be prevented.

The following contact ratings must not be exceeded:

		U	
-	AC	250 V	2.3 A

4.4 Connection diagram



L	blue
Ν	black
TOP	2x white

4.5 Checking connections

- ⇒ Ensure isolation from supply (all phases).
- ⇒ Make sure a restart is impossible
- ⇒ Check whether the mating connector is properly engaged with the built-in connector.
- ⇒ Check that the mating connector is correctly attached to the cable.

4.6 Switching on the device

The device may only be switched on if it has been installed properly and in accordance with its intended use, including the required safety mechanisms and professional electrical hookup. This also applies for devices which have already been equipped with plugs and terminals or similar connectors by the customer.



Hot motor housing

Risk of fire

WARNING

- → Ensure that no combustible or flammable materials are located close to the fan.
- Before switching on, check the device for visible external damage and make sure the protective devices are functional.
- Check the fan's air flow paths for foreign matter and remove any foreign matter found.
- → Apply the nominal supply voltage.



NOTE Damage to the device from vibration

Bearing damage, shorter service life

- → Low-vibration operation of the fan must be ensured over the entire speed control range.
- → Severe vibration can arise for instance from inexpert handling, transportation damage and resultant imbalance or be caused by component or structural resonance.
- → Speed ranges with excessively high vibration levels and possibly resonant frequencies must be determined in the course of fan commissioning.
- → Either run through the resonant range as quickly as possible with speed control or find another remedy.
- → Operation with excessively high vibration levels can lead to premature failure.

4.7 Switching off the device

- Disconnect the device from the power supply at the supply line's main switch.
- > When disconnecting, be sure to disconnect the ground connection last.

5. MAINTENANCE, MALFUNCTIONS, POSSIBLE CAUSES AND REMEDIES

Do not perform any repairs on your device. Send the device to ebmpapst for repair or replacement.



WARNING

Live terminals and connections even with device switched off Electric shock

→ Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.

CAUTION

Electric charge on capacitor after device is switched off Electric shock, risk of injury

 \rightarrow Discharge the capacitors before working on the device.

CAUTION

The motor restarts automatically when operating voltage is applied, e.g. after a power failure. Risk of injury

- \rightarrow Keep out of the device's danger zone.
- → When working on the device, switch off the line voltage and ensure that it cannot be switched back on.
- \rightarrow Wait until the device comes to a stop.
- → Install the externally wired thermal overload protector in the control circuit so that following a malfunction the motor does not switch on again automatically after cooling off.



If the device is out of use for some time, e.g. when in storage, we recommend switching it on for at least two hours to allow any condensation to evaporate and to move the bearings.

Malfunction/fault	Possible cause	Possible remedy
Impeller not running smoothly	Imbalance in rotating parts	Clean the device; replace it if imbalance persists after cleaning. Make sure no weight clips are removed during cleaning.
Motor not turning	Mechanical blockage	Switch off, isolate from supply and remove mechanical blockage.
	Line voltage faulty	Check line voltage, restore power supply.
	Faulty connection	Isolate from supply, correct connection; see connection diagram.
	Thermal overload protector activated	Allow motor to cool off, locate and rectify cause of error, release restart lockout if necessary
	Impermissible point of operation	Check point of operation
Motor overtemperature	Ambient temperature too high Deficient cooling	Reduce ambient temperature if possible Improve cooling



W2E143-AA09-25

Operating instructions



In the event of further malfunctions, contact ebm-papst.

5.1 Cleaning

To ensure a long service life, check the fans regularly for proper operation and soiling. The frequency of checking is to be adapted accordingly depending on the degree of soiling.



DANGER

Risk of injury from rotating fan.

- → Only clean when not in motion. Interrupt the power supply, secure against renewed switch-on. Secure against start-up, prevent air flow.
- ⇒ Dirt deposits on the motor housing can cause overheating of the motor.
- ⇒ Soiling of the impeller can cause vibration that will shorten the service life of the fan.
- ⇒ Severe vibration can destroy the fan.
- ⇒ In such cases, switch off the fan immediately and clean it.
- ⇒ The preferred method of cleaning is dry cleaning, e.g. using compressed air.
- ⇒ Do not use aggressive cleaning agents!

NOTE

Damage to the device during cleaning

Malfunction possible

- \rightarrow Do not clean the device using a water jet or high-pressure cleaner.
- \rightarrow Do not use any acid, alkali or solvent-based cleaning agents.
- \rightarrow Do not use any pointed or sharp-edged objects for cleaning
- ⇒ Completely remove any cleaning agents used.
- If severe corrosion is visible on load-bearing or rotating parts, switch off the device immediately and replace it.
- ⇒ Repair of load-bearing or rotating parts is not permitted!
- ⇒ Operate the fan for 2 hours at maximum speed so that any water that has ingressed can evaporate.
- If cleaning does not eliminate vibrations, the fan may need to be rebalanced. To have it rebalanced, contact ebm-papst.
- ⇒ The fan is equipped with maintenance-free ball bearings. The lifetime lubrication of the ball bearings is designed for a service life of 40,000 hours.
- ⇒ If bearing replacement is necessary after that period, contact ebmpapst.
- ⇒ Adapt the maintenance intervals to the actual level of dust exposure.

5.2 Safety inspection

What to check	How to check	How often	What action?
Contact protection cover for intactness or damage	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Repair or replacement of device
Device for damage to blades and housing	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replacement of device

Fastening the cables	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Fasten
Insulation of cables for damage	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replace cables
Welds for crack formation	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replace device
Abnormal bearing noise	acoustic	At least every 6 months	Replace device

5.3 Disposal

For ebm-papst, environmental protection and resource preservation are top priority corporate goals.

ebm-papst operates an environmental management system which is certified in accordance with ISO 14001 and rigorously implemented around the world on the basis of German standards.

Right from the development stage, ecological design, technical safety and health protection are fixed criteria.

The following section contains recommendations for ecological disposal of the product and its components.

5.3.1 Country-specific legal requirements



NOTE Country-specific legal requirements

Always observe the applicable country-specific legal regulations with regard to the disposal of products or waste occurring in the various phases of the life cycle. The corresponding disposal standards are also to be heeded.

5.3.2 Disassembly

Disassembly of the product must be performed or supervised by qualified personnel with the appropriate technical knowledge. The product is to be disassembled into suitable components for disposal employing standard procedures for motors.



WARNING

Heavy parts of the product may drop off. Some of the product components are heavy. These components could drop off during disassembly.

This can result in fatal or serious injury and material damage.

 \rightarrow Secure components before unfastening to stop them falling.

5.3.3 Component disposal

The products are mostly made of steel, copper, aluminum and plastic. Metallic materials are generally considered to be fully recyclable. Separate the components for recycling into the following categories:

- Steel and iron
- Aluminum
- Non-ferrous metal, e.g. motor windings
- Plastics, particularly with brominated flame retardants, in accordance with marking
- Insulating materials
- Cables and wires
- Electronic scrap, e.g. circuit boards

Only ferrite magnets and not rare earth magnets are used in external rotor motors from ebm-papst Mulfingen GmbH & Co. KG.

⇒ Ferrite magnets can be disposed of in the same way as normal iron and steel.



W2E143-AA09-25

Operating instructions

Electrical insulating materials on the product, in cables and wires are made of similar materials and are therefore to be treated in the same manner.

The materials concerned are as follows:

- · Miscellaneous insulators used in the terminal box
- Power cables
- Cables for internal wiring
- Electrolytic capacitors

Dispose of electronic components employing the proper procedures for electronic scrap.



 \rightarrow Please contact ebm-papst for any other questions on disposal.